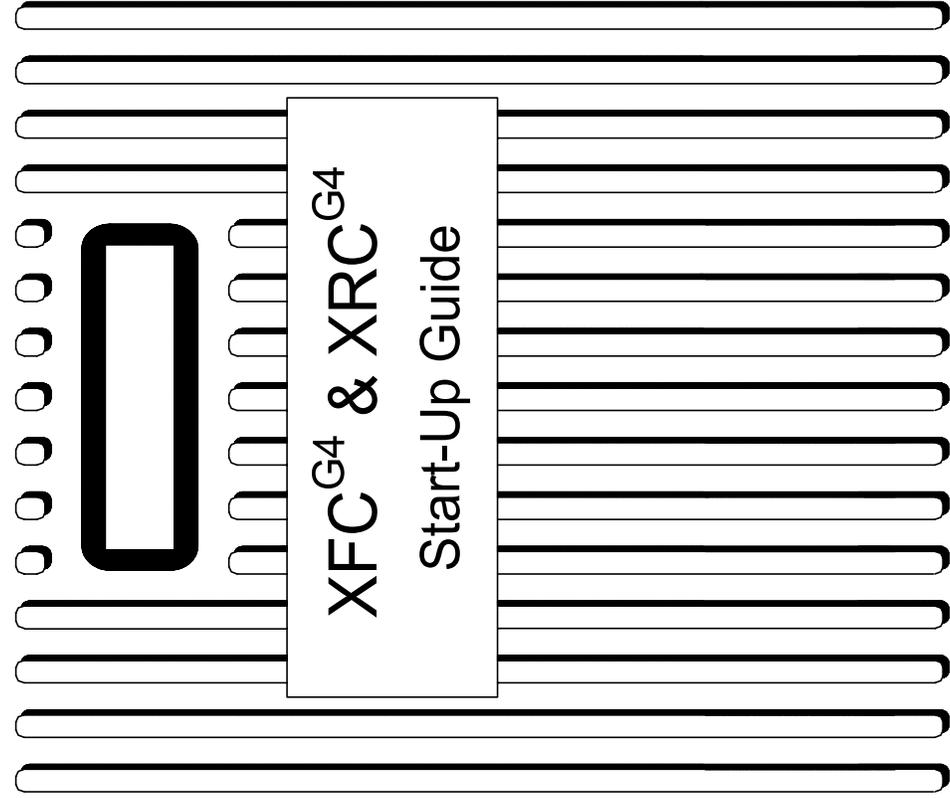




XSERIES^{G4}



XFC^{G4} & XRC^{G4}
Start-Up Guide

TOTALFLOW[®]

MEASUREMENT & CONTROL SYSTEMS

Intellectual Property & Copyright Notice

©2007 by ABB Inc., Totalflow Products ("Owner"), Bartlesville, Oklahoma 74006, U.S.A. All rights reserved.
Any and all derivatives of, including translations thereof, shall remain the sole property of the Owner, regardless of any circumstances.
The original US English version of this manual shall be deemed the only valid version. Translated versions, in any other language, shall be maintained as accurately as possible. Should any discrepancies exist, the US English version will be considered final. ABB is not liable for any errors and omissions in the translated materials.
Notice: This publication is for information only. The contents are subject to change without notice and should not be construed as a commitment, representation, warranty, or guarantee of any method, product, or device by Owner.
Inquiries regarding this manual should be addressed to ABB Inc., Totalflow Products, Technical Communications, 7051 Industrial Blvd., Bartlesville, Oklahoma 74006, U.S.A.

Introduction

This startup guide is to assist in the startup of any flow computer or remote controller of the XFC^{G4} (flow computer) or XRC^{G4} (remote controller) series. It is however, primarily intended for gas orifice applications. It is hoped that this guide in conjunction with other drawings and documentation that accompanies your order will result in a smooth installation. If for some reason, you have questions that are not answered in this guide or your other documentation, call your local Totalflow representative or call the number listed on the back page of this guide.

If the user is familiar with the XSeries products, the XFC^{G4} will install similarly. While the components on the XFC^{G4} circuit boards may look a bit different, the pin outs, jumpers and connector placements are identical.

Installation & Start-Up Sequence

HINT: Step 1 thru 22 is a recommended start-up sequence and some of the steps do not go into any great detail. Some steps because detail is not needed and some because more information is available later in the Start-Up Guide. For example there are later topics for installing and wiring the RTD, installing the main battery, solar panel Installation plus other information. So, scan through the guide to see what information is available before you begin the installation.

Physical mounting and piping:

1. Unpack
2. Inspect for damage and missing or incorrect components.
3. Determine where to mount the unit.
4. Install bracing for unit; (pipe saddle, direct mount, pipe driven in ground). Attach U-bolts to 2" pipe using silicone spray or Teflon tape to prevent galling. (See Figure 1 & Figure 2)

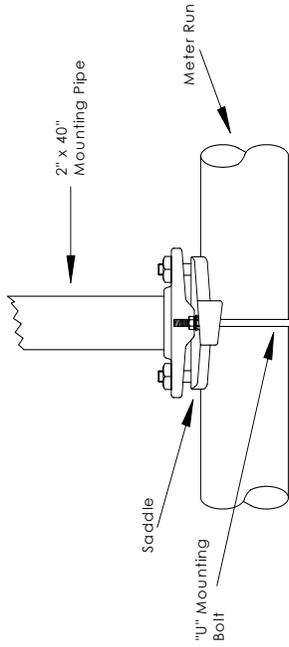


Figure 1 Saddle Mount

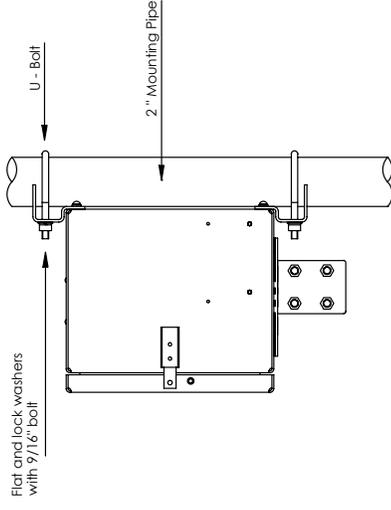


Figure 2 Pipe Mount

5. Mount manifold to bottom of unit; Right port of unit is NORMALLY high pressure (upstream side). Check the AMU model number to see if it is designed for flow from left to right (4CYC) or right to left (4AYC). You can also look on the transducer for (H or +) for high side and (L or -) for low side. For direct mount manifolds, the direction is very important. (See Figure 3 for a typical manifold configuration)
6. Connect stainless steel tubing from manifold to orifice tap valves. With the manifold equalized to avoid damaging the transducer, apply pressure to the manifold and check for leaks. For best measurement, use large bore, short, equal length gage lines with a downward slope to taps (at least 1" per 3 feet).

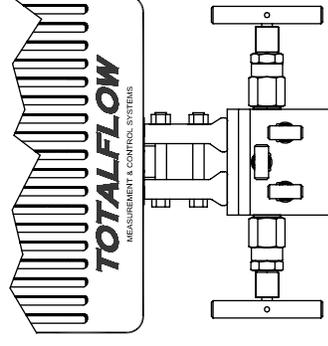


Figure 3 Typical Manifold Mount

Install RTD Probe:

7. Install RTD and connect wiring to connector block J7 on the XFC^{G4} board. The XRC^{G4} board does not have RTD inputs. (See Figure 4)

Install Battery(s):

8. Verify that *Memory Backup* is *Enabled*. This is J13 on the XFC^{G4} (see Figure 4) and J1 on the XRC^{G4} (see Figure 5)
9. Mount and connect a *fully charged* battery to J1 on the XFC^{G4} board or J16 on the XRC^{G4} board. The connectors are located in the same position on both boards. (See Figure 4 and Figure 5).
10. The display should go quickly through the startup routine then start scrolling through the default display items. (If not, see Page 17) This typically insures that the components and wiring are good. Refer to "Standard Displays" on page 14 for typical default displays. Refer to "Visual Alarm & Status Codes" on page 16–17 for location, symbols, and descriptions. You should see a _LC code in the A7 (upper right) annunciator since the charging source has not been connected. This is the typical annunciator for the I/O Subsystem but could possibly vary on different systems.

Install Solar Panel:

11. Assemble, mount, and connect solar panel or AC charger. NEVER CONNECT CHARGER WITH THE MAIN BATTERY PACK DISCONNECTED. (See pages 8 & 9) The LC code should go away after the charging source is connected. Solar powered units will naturally depend on available sunlight.

Setup:

12. Connect laptop running PCCU32 to the unit. PCCU32 must have software Version 6.05 or higher.
13. Set date/time, ID, location and AGA setup using Entry Mode in PCCU32.
14. In Calibration Mode, verify registers for Static pressure, Differential pressure and Temperature.
15. In Calibration Mode, select RTD Installed, un-check Use Fixed TF, and adjust RTD Bias if a temperature standard is used.
16. In Calibration Mode, perform as found calibration checks.
17. If calibration is needed, calibrate static pressure first, then differential pressure, using a deadweight tester or acceptable standard. Insure that both orifice taps are closed and bypass valves are open during AP calibration to avoid a false DP. Make sure there are no leaks in the manifold or test equipment.
18. Perform as left calibration checks as needed.

19. Place unit on line: To avoid inducing toggle and/or a calibration shift, close vent valve, open both bypass valves, then open orifice tap valves SLOWLY (high pressure side first). Once both orifice tap valves are fully opened, the bypass valves can be closed.

20. Verify that the unit is calculating volume correctly. Watch the display or look at the *Current Values* in the *Entry Mode* of PCCU32.
21. Collect data and review the event and characteristic files to insure all parameters are set properly.

22. **Optional:** When you are reasonably sure that all setup and calibration is complete and the unit is on line calculating volume, it is recommended that a *Reset Volume* command be sent using PCCU. This allows the unit to have what might be considered as an official starting point for good live data. The *Reset Volume* will be recorded in the *Events* file to mark the date and time.

Installing and Wiring RTD and Probe

The RTD measures flowing gas temperature. Procedures presented in this section enable the user to install the RTD into the meter run and wire leads to the main electronics board. This procedure is for the XFC^{G4}, the XRC^{G4} does not have RTD inputs.

Totallow

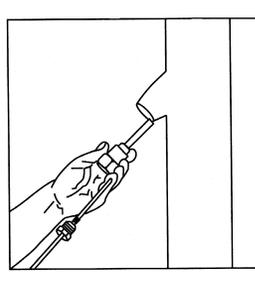
- RTD Probe with 10' of cable. Optional lengths 15', 25', 30', 40', and 50'.

Materials Supplied

- One (1) thermowell with ¾" NPT threads. Optional threads are ½" and 1".
- Nylon tie wraps

Customer Materials Supplied

- Customer must specify or provide Thermowell "U" length.
- Teflon tape

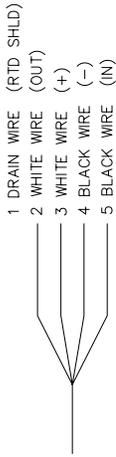


1. Install thermowell into meter run.
2. Using snap ring pliers, adjust probe length so that it is spring loaded against bottom of thermowell.
3. Remove one of the hole plugs and install cord connector. Remove nut, sealing ring and rubber grommet from cord connector. Slide nut, sealing ring and grommet over RTD cable and insert cable through body of cord connector. Allow enough cable to extend into unit for connecting wires to RTD termination block J7.
4. Secure the cable with the grommet, sealing ring and nut.
Note: Charging source and Power should be removed from unit before performing any field wiring.

5. Connect RTD probe to the XFC^{G4}'s RTD connector as follows:

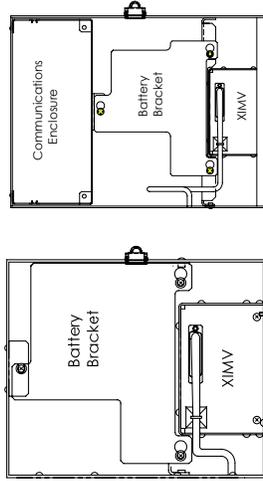
Before making connections to terminal block, remove spade lugs if attached and trim wire ends back 1/4". Remove J7 terminal block from the XFC^{G4} main electronics board. (See Figure 4)

6. Loosen terminal block securing screws, insert wire and then retighten. Reinstall terminal block with wires attached.



Battery Installation

- To extend the life of the battery pack, fully charge the battery prior to installation. A system using solar panels may not fully charge the battery. Also a fast charge, which the solar panel can't provide, improves the life of the battery. (See tip below)
- Remove the unit's battery cover plate and insert battery pack into battery compartment. Insert battery pack with its long dimension facing outward. When cover plate is reinstalled, it will fit snugly against some battery packs. The screws can be loosened to accommodate large batteries.



- Connect battery pack connector to main electronics board Battery connector J1 on XFC^{G4}'s or J16 on XRC^{G4}'s, located in upper right corner of Board.
- Observe LCD, the display should power up displaying Warm Start information and begin scrolling through the default display items.
- Caution: Do not connect solar panel power cable to the unit unless the main battery pack is connected.

TIP: To recharge a battery, a quick charge will remove the buildup in the battery much more effectively than a "trickle charge". A battery slowly drained by low light conditions on a solar charged system or setting in storage for instance, will be less likely to recover than a battery pack that was quickly discharged from a short for instance. Store batteries in a cool environment for less drainage.

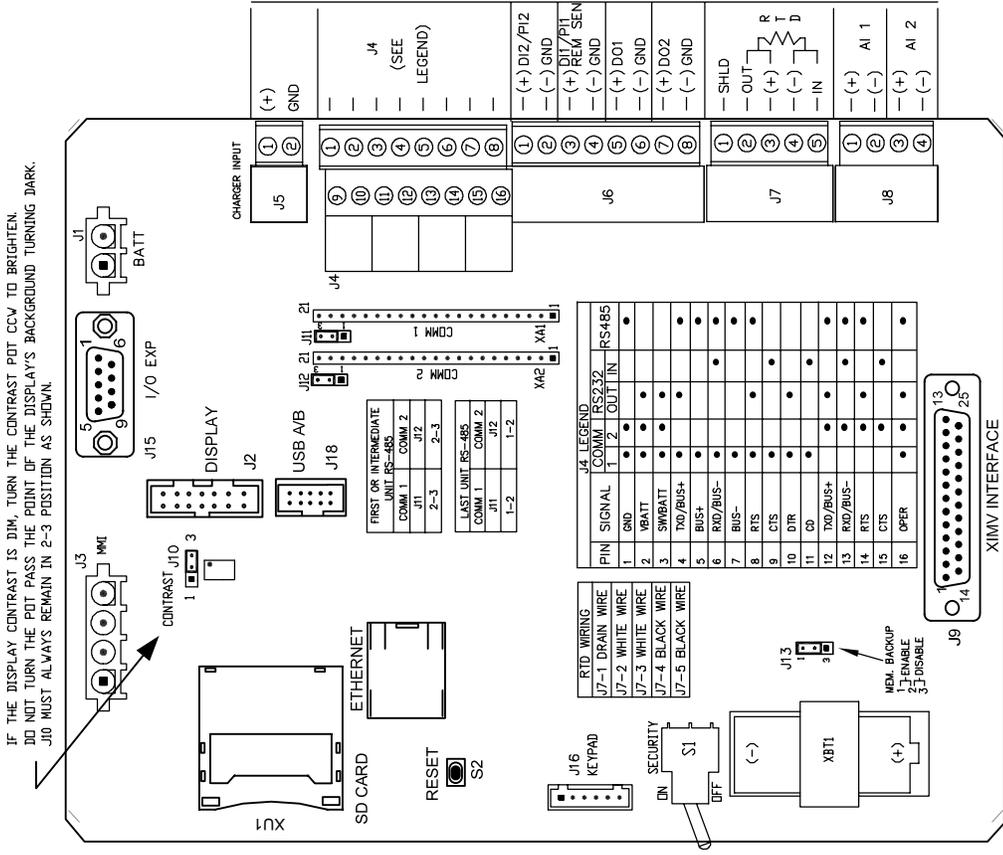


Figure 4 (XFC^{G4} Layout)

NOTE: Refer to Wiring Interconnect drawing 2015225-W1 for more information on communications wiring.

Lithium Battery

1. Verify that the *Memory Backup* is *Enabled* with a jumper on the upper two pins of J13 on the XFC^{G4} or J1 on the XRC^{G4}.
2. Verify that the L_L (low lithium alarm) is not being displayed on the A7 annunciator (default). This alarm indicates the Lithium battery is below 2.5 volts and should be replaced.

Solar Panel Installation

- Totalflow Materials Supplied**
- One Solar Panel and Cable
 - Two U-Bolts and fastening hardware
 - One Solar Panel Bracket
- Customer Materials Supplied**
- Cable Ties
 - One 9-inch or greater extension of 2-inch pipe
 - One 2-inch collar

Procedure:

Note: Step 1 and 2 are not required if pipe is tall enough without the extension.

1. Attach 2-inch pipe collar to top end of XFC^{G4} or XRC^{G4} mounting pipe. Securely tighten. (See Figure 6)
2. Install a 2-inch pipe extension into collar and securely tighten.
3. Install Solar Panel on mounting bracket with provided hardware.
4. Attach Solar Panel mounting plate to top end of 2-inch pipe with U-bolts and associated mounting hardware. Do not tighten U-bolts until Solar Panel has been correctly oriented.
5. If needed, connect Solar Panel power cable to Solar Panel connector on back of unit. **DO NOT** connect the other end of the cable to the unit until all steps are complete **AND** main battery pack has been connected.
6. Position Solar Panel to face south in the northern hemisphere and north in the southern hemisphere. Tighten U-bolts securely to avoid movement by wind or vibration.
7. Check solar panel polarity using digital voltmeter to insure (+) and (-) wires are properly identified.
8. The Solar Panel power cable connects to XFC^{G4} terminal block J5 Input terminals. Remove one of the hole plugs and install cord connector. Remove nut, sealing ring and rubber grommet from cord connector. Slide nut, sealing ring and grommet over cable and insert

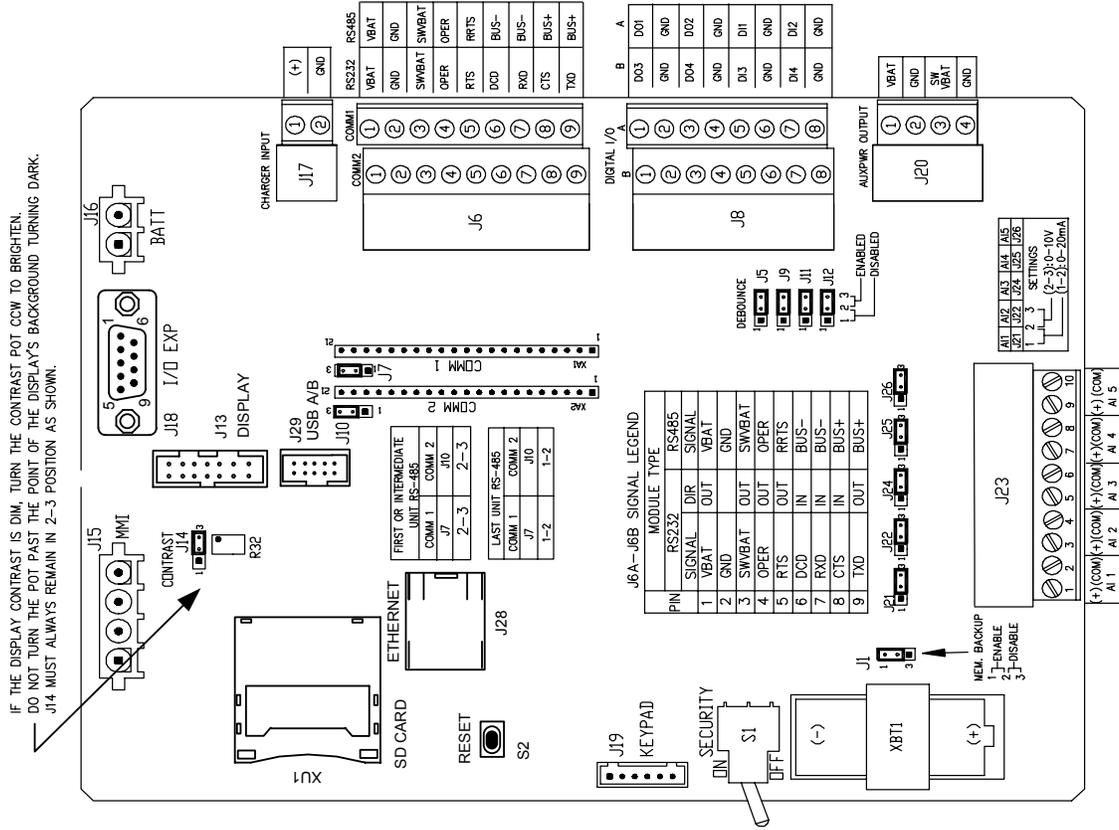


Figure 5 (XRC^{G4} Layout)

NOTE: Refer to Wiring Interconnect drawing 2015225-WI for more information on communications wiring.

cable through body of cord connector. Allow enough cable to extend into the unit for connection to Charger Input +/- terminals.

- Secure Solar Panel cable using grommet, sealing ring and nut.

TIP: To prevent moisture from entering the unit, allow cable to "dip" below, and then rise to access hole. This will provide a path for rainwater away from the access hole.

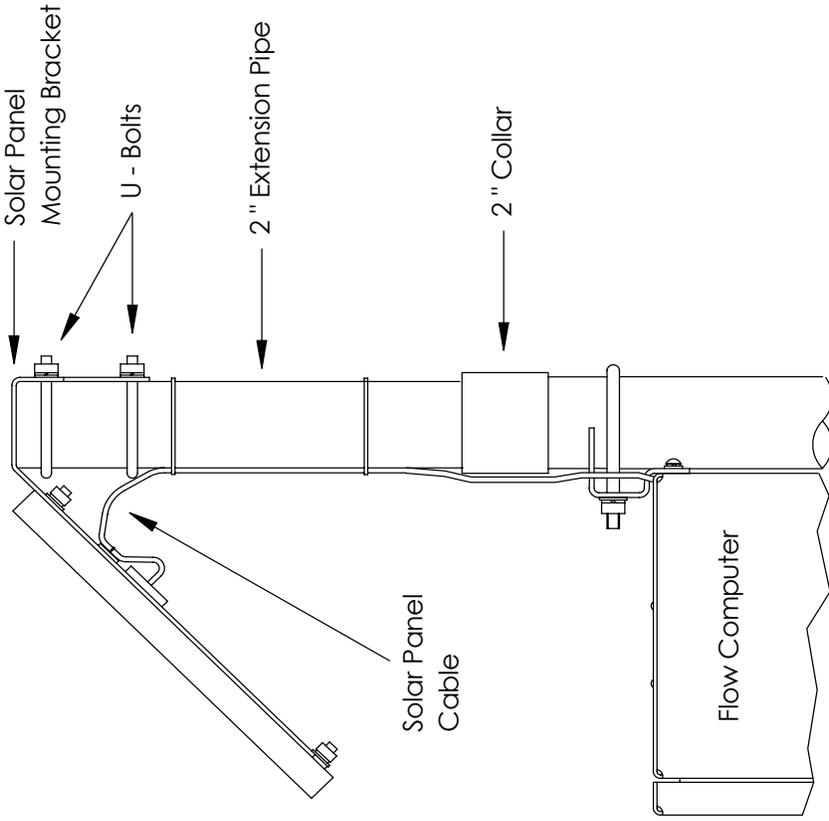


Figure 6 (Solar Panel Mounting)

PCCU32 Connectivity to the XFC/XRC^{G4}

NOTE: Connecting to the G4 meters with PCCU32 will require version 6.05 or later.

RS-232 Local Connect

The RS-232 local connection requires a serial port on the host computer (generally a laptop). A PCCU cable (P/N 2015240-xxx) is required to connect the host computer to the flow meter's round military connector. Connecting the PCCU cable to the flow meter will cause an annunciator in the LCD to display an upper case letter "L" for local connect. To connect PCCU32 to the meter simply click the "Connect to Totalflow" icon in the toolbar. To connect and go directly to "Entry" mode, click on "Entry" instead of the "Connect" icon.

If the meter has been given a Security Code make sure that you have entered that code in PCCU32's System Setup screen. The factory default for a security code is "0000". Cold starting the meter will re-establish the "0000" security code. However, cold starting your meter will also delete historical data.

USB Connectivity

The first time a user connects their laptop to a G4 meter, using the USB connectivity, the appropriate drivers will need to be installed.

Step 1: Connect the G4 meter (XFC/XRC) to the laptop. After a couple of seconds the "Found New Hardware Wizard" will appear. It will ask if, "Windows should connect to Windows Update and search for software?"

Select "No, not this time" and click "Next" to continue.

Step 2: The next dialogue box will ask, "What do you want the wizard to do?"

Select "Install the software automatically (Recommended)" and click "Next" to continue.

Step 3: At this point you will get a Microsoft® message warning that the Totalflow USB driver has "not passed Windows Logo testing". If you want to use your laptop's USB port you will need to click on "Continue Anyway" and proceed with the installation.

Step 4: The "Found New Hardware Wizard" has finished. Click "Finish".

Your Totalflow USB driver is now installed. You will not need to go through this installation again. Should you see the "Wizard" on subsequent connects to your meter, simply click "Cancel". If you connect to a different USB port on your laptop you will need to go through the same procedure.

NOTE: The above procedure creates a “virtual” com port on the laptop. The com port disappears when the meter is disconnected. This com port can be seen to appear and disappear in the Device Manager whenever the USB cable is connected and disconnected from the laptop.

Connecting PCCU32 to the XFC/XRC^{G4} via USB

With the USB driver installed, connecting to your meter would be no different than using the RS-232 PCCU cable and military connector. Simply click on the “Connect to Totalflow” icon in the toolbar. To connect and go directly to “Entry” mode, click on “Entry” instead of the “Connect” icon. It may be necessary to make sure that you have selected the “new” com port in PCCU32’s Setup.

Remote Communications

The following discussion deals primarily with the unit communicating with the Host (typically WinCCU).

To communicate with the Host, the XFC^{G4} or XRC^{G4} has remote communication’s ports that can function as RS232, RS485 or RS422. Depending on the customer’s order, most units are shipped with the appropriate wiring in place for the specified communication’s equipment.

After installation of the unit and with the communications path complete, the user needs to enter the appropriate communication’s parameters. The unit was most likely shipped with Comm 1 set up for *Totalflow Remote* protocol. If not, select the *Protocol* using the *Entry* mode (see Figure 7) of PCCU32. The protocol must be selected first for the appropriate communications parameters to be displayed. A blinking telephone pole symbol “☎” in annunciator position A8 (default) indicates Comm 1 port is active.

The data bits, stop bits and all required communications parameters can be modified with PCCU32. Units will typically be shipped with correct default comm port settings but may need fine tuning for optimum operation.

Warning: As opposed to the XRC^{G4}, the XFC^{G4} has only one *Switched V-Batt/Operate* line; if it is needed, *Enable* it only on one Comm Port even though both ports may require its use. The V-Batt/Operate line will switch on/off at the *Listen Cycle* timing of the port that enabled it.

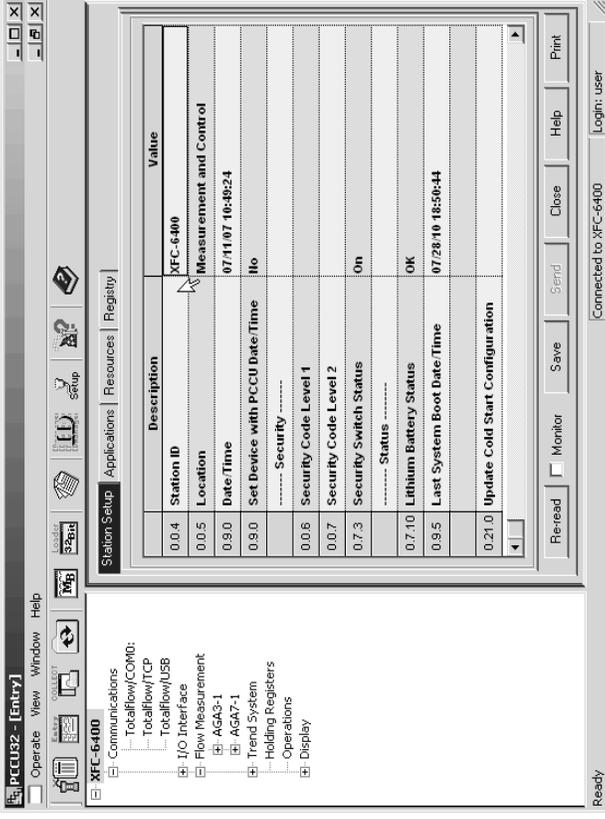


Figure 7 (PCCU32 Entry Mode)

Communications Troubleshooting

A new radio or modem system that doesn’t communicate is difficult to troubleshoot because proper operation has never been proven, and all the initial hardware and software settings are suspect. More than one problem can be present, causing component replacement to be an inadequate trouble shooting technique. Use the following checklist as an aid.

- Does the “☎” flash (*Totalflow Remote* Protocol only) with the Listen Cycle time in the A8 display (default position)? If no,
 - 1) The *Protocol* needs to be selected in the *Entry Mode* using PCCU32.
 - 2) The communication’s module in Comm 1 or Comm 2 is missing or bad or the module is the wrong type (RS232 or RS485).

Note: Comm 1 and Comm 2 are in opposite locations when compared to the previous electronics board (2015333).
 - 3) Inadequate 12 VDC battery voltage.
- Insure base radio is working for other locations.
- Verify Station ID and Device ID matches with WinCCU and is the only Totalflow device with that ID.
- Verify Baud rate, Stop Bits, Security Code, and Link Establishment time are same as CCU.

- Verify WinCCU is using Packet Protocol. XSeries^{G4} devices support only DB2 Packet Protocol.
- Verify wiring to antenna, to UCI, UCI to Radio for RS485 installation or to Radio/Modem for RS232 installation.

TIP: To check for wiring shorts or opens with two or more wire connections, use a multimeter set on continuity (resistance). Check two wires at a time from one unit to another. If black and white wires are to be tested, disconnect both wires at both ends, set one probe on black, the other on white. The meter should read OL or OFL (over range) if no shorts. Jumper the two wires at the other end. The meter should read a low resistance if no opens. This method requires only one end of wiring to be tested, no matter how far the units are apart.

- If a radio is used, verify directional antenna with correct frequency range is pointed toward base ($\pm 6^\circ$). The antenna should be mounted vertically, with the vanes perpendicular to the ground. Verify radio is good, with the same frequencies used.
- If a modem is used, verify dial tone on line at the telephone company's termination box by checking Tip and Ring. Check wiring from phone company's box to dial-up modem. If cellular, also check for proper Tip & Ring voltage. Insure that the phone number is correct in the unit and WinCCU.

NOTE: Telephone companies in the United States typically use a 48 volt power supply so the on-hook voltage between the *Tip* and *Ring* wires should be something less than 48 volts. Measuring another way, *Tip* to ground is approx. zero volts and *Ring* to ground is approx. -48 volts.

In the off-hook condition; Tip to ground will be approx. -20 volts while Ring to ground will be approx. -28 volts or approx. 8 volts between Tip and Ring.

Users in other countries will need to consult with their local telephone company.

Wiring

Specific wiring drawings are sent with each unit, based on the options ordered. Most wiring diagrams, including communications are available on the web at <http://www.abb.com/totalflow>. Select "Continuing Customer Service and Support", and then select "Wiring Instructions". Communications pin-outs of the XFC^{G4} and XRC^{G4} are shown on pages 10 and 11 of this guide.

Standard Display

Items that appear on the unit's display are programmable by the user, however based on the measurement application; units will be shipped with some default display items. Table 1 is a typical set of default displays for an AGA-3 application. Engineering units may vary from those shown if the unit supports the "Selectable Units" feature.

Table 1 Standard Display

Description	Standard Display
Current Date and Time 24 hour clock	DATE/TIME MM/DD/YY HH:MM:SS
Yesterday's Percent DP Low Limit Percent time below DP Low Set Point	Yest DP Low NN PERCENT
Yesterday's Percent DP High Limit Percent time above DP High Set Point	Yest DP High NN PERCENT
Current Flow Rate Programmable SCF, MCF or MMCF	Flow Rate NNNNNN.N SCF/HR
Total Accumulated Volume Programmable SCF, MCF or MMCF	Total Accum. Volume NNNNNN.NN MCF
Battery Voltage Displayed in Volts	Battery Voltage NN.N VOLTS
Station ID ID of the box.	Station ID
Differential Pressure Inches H2O	Diff. Pressure NNN.N IN. H2O
Static Pressure Absolute PSIA	Static Pressure NNN.N PSIA
Flowing Temperature °F	Temperature NN.N DEG. F
Yesterday's Volume Programmable SCF, MCF or MMCF	Yesterday's Volume NNNN.N MCF
Previous Calculation Period Volume	Last Calc. Volume NNNN.N SCF
Device ID Individual application ID	Device ID
Charger Voltage	Charger NN.N VOLTS

The duration that each parameter is displayed can vary from 1 to 255 seconds (default is 4 seconds); a setting of 0 seconds will turn that display item off.

Table 2 Alarm & Status - Codes and Description

Alarm/Status Codes	Description
I/O Subsystem	
L _L	<i>Low Lithium Battery Alarm:</i> When L _L (low lithium) is displayed; lithium battery voltage is below 2.5 VDC. A new lithium battery measures approximately 3.6 VDC.
L _C	<i>Low Charger:</i> Displayed if the battery charging voltage is less than 0.4 VDC greater than the battery voltage.
Communications	
→	Transmitting Data:
←	Receiving Data:
!	<i>Nak. Negative Acknowledgement w/packet list.</i>
+	<i>Ack. Positive Acknowledge of receipt of request.</i>
⋮	<i>Waiting for Ack.</i> Waiting for response after transmission.
?	Exception Alarm Processing.
⚡	ID Recognized.
≠	<i>Listen Cycle.</i> Flashes if this remote port is active and running Totalflow Remote Protocol. Flashes in sync with listening cycle that occurs at 1, 2 or 4 second intervals.
M	<i>MODBUS ASCII:</i> Modbus ASCII protocol is selected for this port.
m	<i>MODBUS RTU:</i> Modbus RTU protocol is selected for this port.
L	<i>Local Protocol:</i> Displayed when PCCU32 port is active and running <i>Totalflow Local Protocol.</i>
¥	<i>Packet Protocol:</i> Totalflow Packet Protocol is active on this port.
R	<i>Level/Master Protocol:</i> Level/Master protocol is selected for this port.
Valve Control	
V	<i>Valve Control:</i> Displayed when the Valve Control option is installed and no other Valve Control symbols are valid.
=	<i>Valve Control:</i> Valve Control option installed. Process Value (PV) is within the user set dead band. No control action required.
┌	<i>Valve Control:</i> Valve Control option installed. Valve is in full open position.

Visual Alarm & Status Codes

After the unit completes recording of Log Period flow and operational records, the LCD will show any alarm conditions that have occurred. Also, the date, hour and type of alarm conditions are stored in the device's memory. Status codes are also displayed when the conditions exist. An alarm or status code can be a character, letter or symbol. The alarm and status codes shown in Table 2 will appear on the right side of the LCD screen; see Figure 8. Descriptions of each code are described in Table 1.

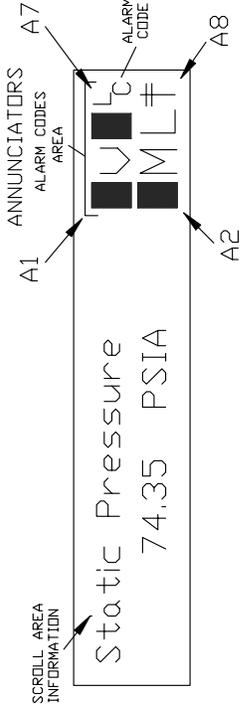


Figure 8 (Annunciator Locations)

Note: Applications in XSeries^{G4} devices can be assigned to any annunciator. To verify the current assignments, see *Annunciators under Display* in PCCU32's *Entry Mode*. (See Figure 9)

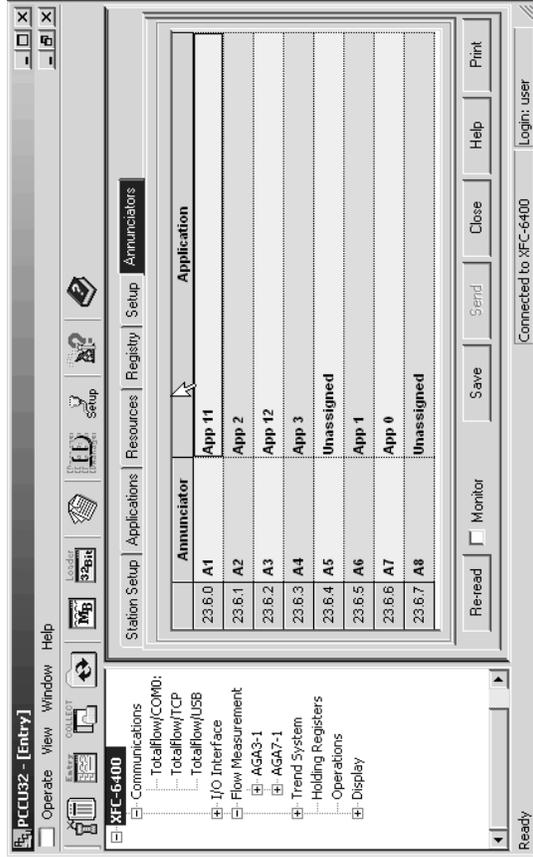


Figure 9 (Annunciator Assignments)

J	Valve Control: Valve Control option installed. Valve is in full closed position.
↑	Valve Control: Valve Control option installed. Valve is opening (open signal is being sent to valve actuator).
↓	Valve Control: Valve Control option installed. Valve is closing. (Close signal is being sent to valve actuator).
ö	Valve Control: Valve Control option installed. Valve controller override conditions met (DP/SP override set point or Low Battery).
L _L	Valve Control: Valve Control option installed. Local Lock-out is initiated.
Measurement Applications	
B _F	Back Flow Condition: Visible only when DP variable displayed.
Z	Zero Flow Condition: Visible only when Flow Rate displayed.
H	Hold: Displayed when PCCU32 is in <i>Calibration Mode</i> and has a measurement application in <i>Hold</i> mode.
A	Alarm Condition: Need to view alarm. You may need to compare application limits to current values to determine where the alarm condition is present.
A _b	A to D Failure: Displayed if A to D Converter's Differential Pressure, Absolute Static Pressure or temperature readings exceed maximum counts or are less than minimum counts.

The Display Does Not Scroll As Expected

When power is first applied, the unit should quickly go through startup and begin cycling through the pre-programmed display items. If the display does not scroll after startup, disconnect the main power and then re-connect it. You should see something similar to:

Totalflow 32 Bit XFC
OS Part No. 2102900-001

If the display still doesn't scroll, try disconnecting the power and re-connecting it again. If still no success, do the following:

With PCCU32, connect to the unit and establish communications such as *Connect To Totalflow, Entry Mode*, etc. Go into *Terminal Mode* and type "0.0.0=COLD" (Do not enter quotes). The unit should go through a *Cold Start* procedure and begin scrolling. If this does not succeed, call the number on the back of this guide and talk to a customer service representative.



ABB Inc.
Totalflow Products
7051 Industrial Blvd.
Bartlesville, Oklahoma 74006

Tel: USA (800) 442-3097
International 001-918-338-4880

